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MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 8th August 1959

SUBJECT.—*Import of cars, jeeps and station wagons under the 'Triptyque'/'Carnet de-passage'.*

No. 79-ITC(PN)/59.—Attention is invited to the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce & Industry Import Trade Control Public Notice No. 18-ITC(PN)/58 dated 27th February 1958 whereby persons seeking to bring in cars, station wagons etc. under the 'Triptyque' are required to secure Customs Clearance Permits for the import of the cars subject to a condition of re-export.

2. It has been represented that considerable difficulty has often been felt in securing Customs Clearance Permits in advance for import of vehicles through the Automobile Associations. An amendment has accordingly been made to the Imports (Control) Order, 1955 *vide* the Government of India Ministry of Commerce & Industry Import Trade Control Order No. 9/59 dated 8th August 1959 whereby vehicles imported by tourists under the 'Triptyque' system will be exempt from the Import Trade Control restrictions subject to the condition that they shall be re-exported within the period stipulated in the 'Triptyque' or 'Carnet de passage'.

3. It is hereby notified that the sale or retention of vehicles in India in violation of the condition specified in the said Order will entail Penal action under the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947. It should also be noted that the vehicles registered in the names of tourists will not be allowed to be transferred to other parties in India.

SUBJECT.—*Licensing of Coal tar dyes, certain types of textile chemicals etc. against exports of cotton fabrics.*

No. 80-ITC(PN)/59.—Attention of the importers is invited to the Ministry of Commerce and Industry Public Notice No. 51-ITC(PN)/59 dated the 20th May, 1959 on the above subject according to which exporters of cotton cloth (other than handloom cloth) or yarn are eligible to receive licences for import of Coal tar dyes, textile chemicals etc. upto the percentages specified therein.

2. It has now been decided that exporters of cotton cloth (other than handloom cloth) or yarn importing coal tar dyes, textile chemicals etc. against licences obtained by them in terms of Ministry of Commerce and Industry Public Notice No. 51-ITC(PN)/59 dated the 20th May, 1959 will be required to sell the imported articles only to any unit of the textile industry requiring these items whether such a unit is a manufacturer or a processor requiring these dyes and chemicals and whether the textiles are of cotton/art silk/woollen yarn. In other words, the imported dyes and chemicals will be permitted to be sold to any unit of the textile industry taken as a whole.

K. T. SATARAWALA,
Chief Controller of Imports and Exports.

ORDER

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 8th August 1959

no. 9/59.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947 (18 of 1947), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Imports (Control) Order, 1955, namely:—

In clause 11 of the said Order, after item (m), the following item shall be inserted, namely:—

“(n) from any country except Portuguese Possessions in India, which are exempt from Customs duty under the Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Deptt. of Revenue) Notification No. 224 dated the 3rd August 1958; provided that the vehicles and component parts thereof temporarily admitted under this provision without Import Trade Control restrictions shall be re-exported within the period stipulated in the ‘Triptyque’ or ‘Carnet de passage’.”

K. R. F. KHILNANI, Jt. Secy